

34.	Greening the Desert, at 4.
35.	Piccchi, A., Rural America's "Brain Drain": How Student Debt is Emptying Small Towns, (Jan 21, 2019); Chief Justice Says Student Loan Debt an Impediment to Lawyers Landing in Rural lowa, (Jan 28, 2022)(noting that pay in rural communities is often less while law school debt remains the same).
36.	Public Defense Primer, at 11 (2021).
37.	Fouts, M., An Afternoon in the Life of a Rural Prosecutor, (2011).
38.	Kittay, D., Success on the Horizon? New Efforts to Increase Rural Access to Justice, (May 1, 2022).
39.	Greening the Desert, at 6.
40.	
41.	Public Defense Primer, at 11, 22.
42.	
43.	Parlier, A., Galvin, S. L., Thach, S., Kruidenier, D., Fagan, E.B., The Road to Rural Primary Care: A Narrative Review of Factors That Help Develop, Recruit, and Retain Rural Primary Care Physicians, at 131 (Jan 2018).
44.	Texas A&M University, Rural Student Success Initiative (2022). With Higher Education, (Nov. 4, 2021). Program Helping Rural Students
45.	Gettinger, A., A Big Reason Rural Students Never Go to College: Colleges Don't Recruit Them, (Mar. 6, 2019).
46.	Rural Student Success Initiative and Program Helping Rural Students,
47.	West Texas Rural Education Partnership Summit, (2022); Stein, R., Texas Tech Receives \$1.5M Gift to Continue Addressing Rural Teacher Shortage, (May 10, 2022).
48.	Rural Student Success Initiative, ; Texas Tech Receives \$1.5M Gift,
49.	Ralston, J., Paving a Path, (2021). Texas Tech Receives \$1.5M Gift,
50.	
51.	Grow Your Own Grant Program, (2022). For examples of Texas programs, Texas Education Agency, TEA Awards 2019-2021 Grow Your Own Cycle 2 Grants, (2019).
52.	
53.	Sakariassen, A., (2021).
54.	Grow Your Own, (2022).
55.	Program helping rural students with higher education, (November 4, 2021).
56.	Physician Shortage Area Program, (2022).
57.	
58.	
59.	

60.	(2022).	ral Health Oppo	rtunities Prog	ram (RHOP)	•
61.					
62.	Keenan, J., Report: Work Needed to Build Rura (Jun. 16, 2022).	al Health Workfo	orce,	ť	4
63.	Rural Law Opportunities Program, Rural Law Opportunities Program Receives An (Jan. 17, 2018).			State and Chadron Stat n Select Award	e. •••
64.	Rural Legal Practice Initiative,	4 (2022); !	Rural Law,	4 (202)	2).
65.	New York State Bar Association (NYSBA) Rep Interventions to Ameliorate the Access-to-Just				Justice:
66.	Recruiting Rural Law Students,	4	4	(December 15, 2020)).
67.					
		•••••			

••••••	
•••••	

133.

Rural public defenders who previously had private practices report that the structure and support of a public defender of ce made them better advocates.

135.

- 136. Legislative Appropriations Request to the 88th Legislature (FY24 25),
- 137. Country Justice in Texas, (2022).
- 138. TIDC, System Building (2022).
- 139. Rural-Urban Continuum Codes,

140.

- 141. note 14,
- 142. To be classi ed in categories 5-9 of the RUCC a county must meet two requirements. First, it must be considered 'non-metropolitan' by the United States Of ce of Management and Budget. To meet this requirement, the county may not contain any urban center over 50,000 people, nor may more than 25% of its population regularly commute to or from a county with such an urban center. (One hundred and seventy-two Texas counties are non-metropolitan; these range from RUCC codes 4 through 9.) Second, a county must not contain any urban center with a population of 20,000 or more or be adjacent to another metropolitan county.
- 143. County Population Totals: 2020-2021,
- 144. Tex. Gov't Code Ann. § 81.115 (2017).